

<範圍：翰林版 Unit 1–Review 1>

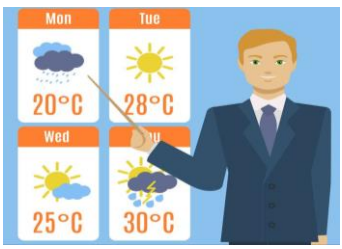











【劃卡代號：21】

班級： 座號： 姓名：

※答案卡限用 2B 鉛筆劃記，答案請劃記明確；若有劃記錯誤，請擦拭乾淨。分數以電腦讀卡分數為準。

## Section One: Listening Comprehension (26% in total)

### Part 1. Picture Questions (請選出最符合句子描述的圖片) (4% , 1% for each)

1.	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 
2.	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 
3.	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 
4.	(A) 	(B) 	(C) 

### Part 2. Response Questions (根據聽到的敘述，選出最佳的回應) (10% , 2% for each)

5. ( ). (A) It's mine.  
(B) Speaking. Who's calling, please?  
(C) Yes. You have the wrong number.
6. ( ). (A) It's on the desk.  
(B) It is Jamie's father's.  
(C) I gave it to you.
7. ( ). (A) That was so sweet of him.  
(B) Whose postcard is it?  
(C) What did you write on it?
8. ( ). (A) Really? Do they usually have heavy snow in Japan in winter?  
(B) My jacket was too heavy.  
(C) We don't have any snow here in Taiwan.
9. ( ). (A) Your order is coming right up.  
(B) I am going to take your order soon.  
(C) I am not sure because everything looks great.

**Part 3. Conversation Questions (根據聽到的內容及問題，選出正確的答案) (12% , 2% for each)**

10. ( ) (A) It was windy in Yilan.  
(B) The boy went hiking with his family in Yilan.  
(C) The boy goes to Yilan to meet his family every weekend.
11. ( ) (A) Play video games.  
(B) Watch a movie.  
(C) Do their homework.
12. ( ) (A) She thinks the club is very bad because the teacher doesn't teach well.  
(B) She joins the club because of the popular teacher.  
(C) She wants to learn something from the club.
13. ( ) (A) They are eating a big meal after a movie.  
(B) He's looking for the theater on the map.  
(C) There is a theater in the department store.
14. ( ) (A) The boy was nervous when someone pulled his leg.  
(B) The boy did not think his report was great.  
(C) The teacher was mad at the boy after he finished his report.
15. ( ) (A) The man hates the green hat.  
(B) The man doesn't want to buy any of the hats.  
(C) The man may take the blue hat.

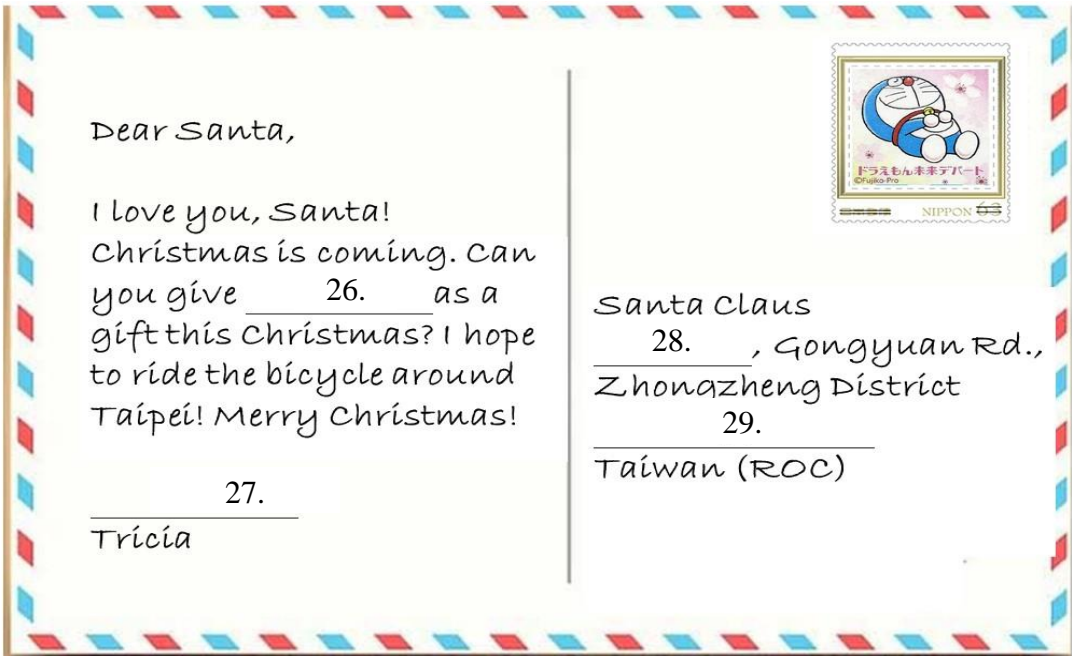
**Section Two: Reading Comprehension (54% , 2% for each)**

**Part 1. Grammar & Phrases**

16. ( ) Debbie played the \_\_\_\_\_ on the weekend before, but now she plays \_\_\_\_\_ often.  
(A) PE; computer (B) math; sports (C) piano; soccer (D) violin; guitar
17. ( ) Mr. and Mrs. Brown gave \_\_\_\_\_ son's toys to the children's home, and the children loved \_\_\_\_\_ very much.  
(A) theirs; their (B) their; them (C) theirs; them (D) their; their
18. ( ) The person \_\_\_\_\_ Australian English. He just \_\_\_\_\_ something strange, and I couldn't get it.  
(A) spoke; said (B) said; talked (C) said; told (D) spoke; told
19. ( ) The weather report said \_\_\_\_\_ snow last Monday, but in fact \_\_\_\_\_ sunny in the end.  
(A) it was; there are (B) we had; there was (C) they have; it is (D) there was; it was
20. ( ) Hank: Did \_\_\_\_\_ this morning?  
Lucas: Yes. We had a lot of rain earlier, so I could only stay at home.  
(A) it rain (B) there rain (C) it rainy (D) you had rain
21. ( ) Tricia: The camera is not that cheap. You bought it?  
Rita: Yes, I made up my mind to buy it \_\_\_\_\_ I thought about it many times.  
(A) before (B) after (C) because (D) so
22. ( ) Amy: Are these your books? They are on my desk.  
Allen: No, mine \_\_\_\_\_ all in my bag. One of the books is Sam's. You can ask \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) are; him (B) is; Sam's (C) are; Sam's (D) is; his
23. ( ) "The burgers are on sale. You can buy one and get one **"free"**." Which **"free"** below is the same in meaning? below 下面的  
(A) Be **free** to call me after you come. I can give you a ride.  
(B) One of my hobbies is to go biking in my **free** time.  
(C) I just got some **free** movie tickets from HD company as a gift. Would you like to go with me?  
(D) I'm always busy with my schoolwork. When can I be as **free** as a bird and do as I want?
24. ( ) "Your order is coming **"right"** up." Which **"right"** is the same in meaning?  
(A) He got all the answers **right**. That was a 100.  
(B) A: Are you from Australia? B: That's **right**!  
(C) Some people write with their **right** hands, but some don't.  
(D) Your snowboard is **right** here. Can't you see that?

25. ( ) Ken: Jasmine’s birthday party last night was a lot of fun. The magic show was so interesting, and the birthday cake was yummy. Look at the picture of us! We all wore a big smile.
- Alan: I feel so sorry that I didn’t join the party. \_\_\_\_\_ I caught a cold and went to a doctor.
- Ken: Poor you.
- (A) I was under the weather at that time. (B) I was on cloud nine on her birthday.
- (C) Welcome to the club. We’re the same! (D) I thought of you and couldn’t sleep well.

Part 2. Cloze: Please help finish the postcard



(A) me a red bicycle	(B) No.21	(C) How are you doing?
(D) a red bicycle me	(AB) First Street	(AC) Best wishes,
(AD) it for me	(BC) Taipei 100006	(BD) How strange!

Part 3. Reading Comprehension

【A】

The English in Australia comes from British English. Now, with the Australian aboriginal accent, it becomes Australian English. But don’t worry, the accent of Australian isn’t so heavy. Because it is the same language, you may think that they are all the same. But in fact, they have many differences. Let’s take a look at the differences between Australian, American and British English.

British English 英式英文; aboriginal 原始的; accent 口音

American English	British English	Australian English
Hello!	How do you do?	G’day!
Thank you!	Cheers!	Ta!
You’re welcome!	My pleasure!	No worries!
cookies and candy	biscuits and sweets	bikkies and lollies

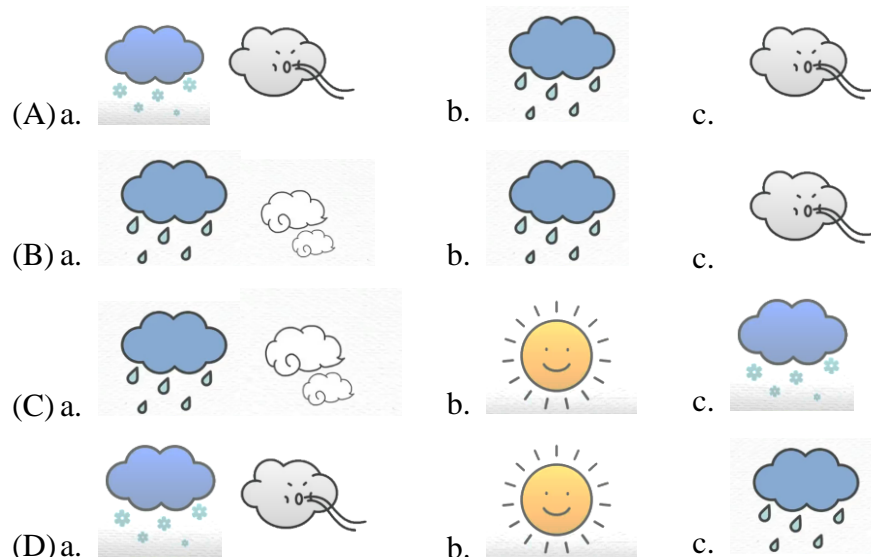
The next time you watch TV or movies, try to listen to the accents and words, and guess where the people come from.

30. ( ) According to the reading, which of the following is Australian English?
- (A) Cheers! (B) Cookies and candy. (C) No worries! (D) My pleasure.
31. ( ) What is true?
- (A) British English and Australian English have no differences.
- (B) British English comes from Australia.
- (C) When people in Australia say “G’day!,” they mean “how do you do?”
- (D) The accent of Australian is usually a little heavy, so it’s hard to learn Australian English.

【B】

In London, it's two o'clock in the afternoon now. It's (a). Toby isn't going outside because of the heavy snow and the strong wind. He is reading at home. In New York, it's nine o'clock in the morning. It's (b). Thomas is riding a bike in the sun to the library. He borrowed some books from it a few days ago and is now going to send the books back. In Taipei. It's ten o'clock at night. It's (c) outside. Lucas is sleeping safe and sound now. He doesn't even hear the sound of the rain.

32. ( ) How's the weather in different places? Choose the right pictures.



33. ( ) Which is right?

- (A) Toby is reading at home when Lucas is riding a bike.
- (B) The weather is very hot, so Toby isn't going outside.
- (C) Thomas is sending the books back to the library.
- (D) Lucas can't get good sleep because the sound of the rain is too loud.

【C】

Acronym is a kind of abbreviation. For example, the first letters of each word from "National Aeronautics and Space Administration" are "NASA," and "NASA" is a new word. "PIN" from "personal identification number" is the same. "PIN" is a new word, too.

Initialism is another kind of abbreviation. When acronym creates a new word, initialism doesn't. For example, "the United States of America" becomes "the USA." Other examples like "DIY" from "Do it yourself", "Idk" from "I don't know", "Ttyl" from "Talk to you later" are the same. We speak each letter aloud, and we pronounce the letters separately.

pronounce 發音; separately 分開地

Tricia: The science lesson next Saturday looks great.  
 Rita: What's it about?  
 Tricia: It's a a. lesson. Everyone needs to make something special on their own during the lesson. Can you go with me?  
 Rita: b.. I'm going to ask my parents.  
 Tricia: Just tell me ASAP (as soon as possible). c., I'm so happy today because I get the tickets to (G)I-DLE's concert.  
 Rita: Ok. d.

possible 可能的

34. ( ) Which is not initialism?

- (A) DIY. (B) PIN. (C) Idk. (D) Ttyl.

35. ( ) Choose the best words for all the blanks in the talk between Tricia and Rita.

blanks 空格

- |            |        |         |         |
|------------|--------|---------|---------|
| (A) a. DIY | b. PIN | c. Ttyl | d. Idk  |
| (B) a. DIY | b. Idk | c. Btw  | d. Ttyl |
| (C) a. Btw | b. DIY | c. Ttyl | d. NASA |
| (D) a. Btw | b. Idk | c. NASA | d. Ttyl |



【D】

Dear HD Company:

Last week, a clerk from your company sold my grandfather a smartphone. It's cool, simple and easy to use. My grandfather likes it very much. He feels like he is a member of the modern world now, so he is on cloud nine.

My grandfather said the clerk was very kind and warm. He said the clerk taught him all the different models, and she helped him pick the one to meet his need. I am thankful for her help, so please give her my thanks. Also, I want you to know you have a really good clerk working there.

Yours truly,  
Abby




member 成員; modern 流行的; model 樣式; pick 挑選


36. ( ) What do we learn from the letter?
- (A) Abby's grandfather is not old at all. (B) Abby's grandfather is nice and warm.  
(C) Abby bought the clerk a gift to show her thanks. (D) Abby wasn't there to help her grandfather at that time.
37. ( ) What is the purpose of the letter? purpose 目的
- (A) To teach people how to pick a new smartphone. (B) To design a new smartphone for a company.  
(C) To sign up a lesson to learn how to use a smartphone. (D) To let a company know there is a great clerk there.

【E】

What do you do in your free time? Do you make good use of your free time?

Let's see what the three students do during their summer vacation.

 Rita	I really enjoy swimming in the morning. I swim three times or more a week. Every time I swim for an hour. After swimming, I like to have breakfast with my brother, Nick. That makes me feel relaxed and energetic. I really like doing exercise, but I hate playing soccer with my brother. I think that is for boys.
 Leo	In my free time, I like to do two things—dance and Taekwondo. I dance every Wednesday and Saturday. I practice Taekwondo in a club three times a week. I have many friends with the same interest in the club. Sometimes, we ride a bike to travel around together. We also like taking photos when we are on a trip. We think photos can help us remember the wonderful time.
 Nick	As a ninth-grader to be in junior high school, I try to make good use of time. Every morning, I study science after the breakfast time in a coffee shop near our home with Rita, my younger sister. I like to study computer science, so I join a three-day video game design camp in National Taiwan Science Education Center. I hope to know more about it. Before going to bed, I usually read books about history and Chinese stories. I borrow a lot of them from Taipei Public Library.

 make use of 利用; relaxed 放鬆; energetic 有活力的; Taekwondo 跆拳道; interest 興趣; remember 記得

38. ( ) How often does Leo dance?
- (A) Once a week. (B) Twice a week. (C) Three times a week. (D) Almost every day.
39. ( ) Before Nick studies science, where does he go to?
- (A) He goes to National Taiwan Science Education Center. (B) He goes to a coffee shop.  
(C) He reads books in Taipei Public Library. (D) He goes to a video game design camp.
40. ( ) What do we know from the reading?
- (A) Nick and Rita are poor swimmers.  
(B) Leo and Nick like to take photos for each other all the time.  
(C) Nick likes music and plays the piano in the band.  
(D) Rita goes swimming before she has breakfast every morning.

【F】

The app *Pokémon GO* was released in early July 2016 and a lot of users downloaded it all over the world. Over 7,500,000 American users downloaded it. What makes it so popular? Let's take a look.

- It uses real-world places in the app. You need to go out to explore Pokéstops and Gyms. By playing the game, you can learn more about the places around you and enjoy the sights.
- It makes families of all ages get together. Grandparents walk with their grandchildren and enjoy the game together. It is also a great way to make children get some exercise. They need to go out to catch Pokémon. A walk through the park is a great way to have fun together.
- People love to collect things. Once you start, you do not want to stop until you catch them all.
- People can join one team to fight with other teams. After your Pokémon wins, you can be the new leader. If your Pokémon doesn't win, no one knows. You don't need to be sad.
- It is free to play. You do not need to pay any money. You just keep collecting things and you should have no problem keeping your bag full of Pokéballs and other things.
- You do not need to know the name of every Pokémon to play the game. The story of the game is easy---the world around us is full of special animals and your job is to catch them, be their friends, and teach them to be strong.

release 發行; download 下載; explore 探索; sights 景色; once 一旦; collect 收集; until 直到; team 隊

41. ( ) Which might be the best title of this reading?  
(A) How to catch a Pokémon? (B) How to be a gym leader?  
(C) Why does Pokémon become popular? (D) How to make families of all ages get together?
42. ( ) Which is true?  
(A) Everyone knows after your Pokémon loses. It makes people mad.  
(B) You can catch Pokémon and get some exercise when you feel under the weather.  
(C) The app—*Pokémon GO* started about eight years ago.  
(D) *Pokémon GO* makes people strong enough to fight.

**Section Three: Writing (20%)**

※本大題為手寫題，請作答於手寫答案卷上。請使用黑色原子筆，使用其他色筆或擦擦筆，以零分計。

**Part 1. Vocabulary (14%, 2% for each)** 請填入正確的單字，並注意大小寫。

43. In a \_\_\_\_\_ n, the weather starts getting cool, and the leaves change color before winter comes. leaves 樹葉
44. Good food and enough sleep are both important to your h \_\_\_\_\_ h. They make your body strong.
45. My favorite s \_\_\_\_\_ t in school is science because I enjoy learning everything about the nature.
46. The football s \_\_\_\_\_ n in the United Kingdom begins in August. Many people can't wait to watch the games!
47. The math exam was too d \_\_\_\_\_, so many students couldn't finish all the questions in time.
48. People in Taiwan always get together on Moon F \_\_\_\_\_ l. We eat moon cakes, have a barbecue and watch the moon.
49. Max started to work as a computer e \_\_\_\_\_ r at the age of twenty-four. He designed new machines for his company.

**Part 2. Prepositions (6%, 1% for each)** 請填入正確的介係詞，並注意大小寫。

Did you hear \_\_\_\_\_ 50. \_\_\_\_\_ Hong Dao Violin Camp? Hong Dao Violin Camp always brings the excellent lessons to you, and it also buys a good violin \_\_\_\_\_ 51. \_\_\_\_\_ everyone of you. In the camp, all the teachers teach \_\_\_\_\_ 52. \_\_\_\_\_ an interesting way. You can never feel bored. \_\_\_\_\_ 53. \_\_\_\_\_ the end of the camp, we have the final presentation. You can show your beautiful violin music \_\_\_\_\_ 54. \_\_\_\_\_ your family and friends in the final presentation. After you join the camp, you can play the violin very well, just \_\_\_\_\_ 55. \_\_\_\_\_ Yu-Chien Tseng, the winner of many violin contests. Sign up here now! Let us take you on a wonderful trip to the violin world!

final presentation 期末發表